This product was developed by the Advancing Diabetes Self Management Program at Community Health Center, Inc. in Middleton, CT. Support for this product was provided by a grant from the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation® in Princeton, New Jersey.

Session 2 Introduction to Nutrition

Hypo/Hyperglycemia
The Role of Nutrition in
the Therapy of Diabetes
Portion Control
Self Management

Hypoglycemia (Low blood sugar/glucose)

Causes: too little food, too much insulin or diabetes medicine or extra activity

Symptoms: shaking, fast heartbeat, sweating, dizziness, hunger, weakness, headache

What to do? (choose 1)

- Drink 1/2 cup juice
- Drink a glass of skim milk
- Have 3-5 pieces of hard candy
- Have 3 teaspoons of honey or sugar
- Have 2-3 glucose tablets







Hypoglycemia (Low blood sugar)

Shaking Fast heartbeat

Sweating
Dizziness
Hunger
Weakness
Headache





Hypoglycemia (Low blood sugar)



What to do? (choose 1)

- Drink 1/2 cup juice
- Drink a glass of skim milk
- Have 3-5 pieces of hard candy
- Have 3 teaspoons of honey or sugar
- Have 2-3 glucose tablets



Hyperglycemia: High Blood Sugar/Glucose

- Causes: too much food, too little insulin or diabetes medicine, illness or stress
- Symptoms: extreme thirst, have to go to the bathroom a lot, dry skin, hunger, blurred vision, drowsiness, cuts don't heal well
- What to do? If your blood sugar is over 200 mg.dL for several days, call your doctor.



Hyperglycemia High Blood Sugar



- Extreme thirst
- Have to go to the bathroom a lot
- Dry skin
- Hunger
- Blurred vision
- Drowsiness
- Cuts don't heal well





Hyperglycemia: High Blood Sugar/Glucose

What to do?

If your blood sugar is over 200 for several days, call your doctor.









Fruit & juice







Milk & yogurt

 Starchy vegetables – corn, peas, potatoes, plantains, winter squash

Sweets

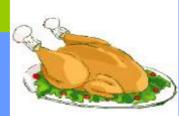




Sources of Protein

Meat, chicken, turkey,





Fish, shrimp, lobster



Eggs



- 67

Cheese



Peanut butter

Sources of Fat

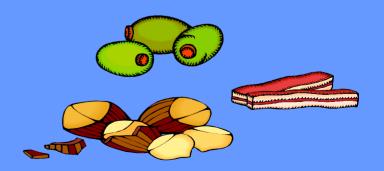
Oils





Margarine and butter

Nuts, olives, bacon



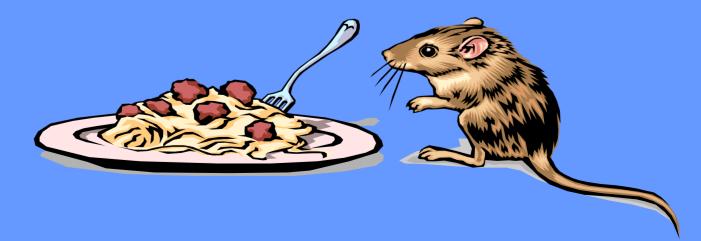
Cream





Portion Control

Healthy blood glucose is helped by moderate portion sizes. You may think the portions seem small.



Cooking & Eating Tips

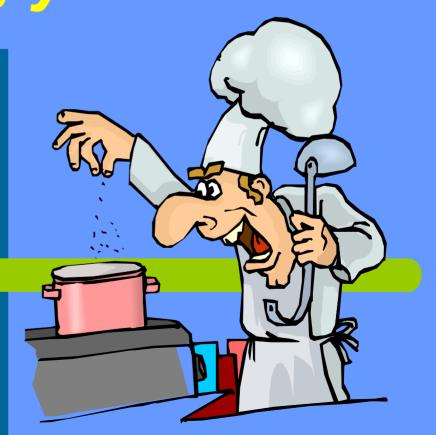


Grill or bake, don't fry

White meats more than red

Olive or canola oil
Not butter, lard or Crisco

I'll Never Enjoy Eating Again! Oh yes, you will!



Many good things in life are free! Friends, family, nature



Most vegetables: Artichokes, asparagus, green or wax beans, bean sprouts, beets, broccoli, brussel sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, eggplant, greens, mushrooms, okra, onions, peppers, spinach, lettuce, summer squash, tomatoes, zucchini, garlic

Coffee, tea, diet soda, club soda or seltzer water, ½ cup tomato or V-8 juice

Spices & herbs: mustard, 1 tbsp. ketchup, broth, butter buds, Pam, sugar substitutes

Sugar-free jello

Make a Breakfast



Carbohydrates

Women pick 3
Men pick 4
from the list below

Fats and Proteins

Woman pick 1
Men pick 1-2
from the list below

1/2 grapefruit

1 small banana

1 1/4 cup strawberries

1/3 small cantaloupe

3 prunes

2 tablespoons raisins

1 small orange

1 medium peach

1/2 canned fruit, no sugar

1/2 cup juice

1 slice whole wheat bread

1/2 English muffin or bagel

1/2 cup oatmeal or grits

3/4 cup no sugar cereal

1 slice French toast

1/2 cup potatoes

1 cup skim milk

6 oz. lowfat sugarfree yogurt

1/4 cup Egg Beaters

1/4 cup low fat cottage cheese

1 tablespoon peanut butter

1 slice lean ham

1 slice lean turkey

1 slice Canadian bacon

1 egg (twice a week)

FREE FOODS

Coffee, tea, sugar substitute, Pam spray, sugar free jelly or jam, sugar free pancake syrup

Use margarine in small amounts as needed

Make a Lunch

Carbohydrates

Women pick 3
Men pick 4

From the list below

1 slice whole wheat bread

1/2 English muffin

1/2 small bagel

1/2 small hard roll

1 small square cornbread

6 unsalted saltines

1/2 cup bean, pea or lentil soup

1 cup broth soup and 6 crackers

1/3 cup cooked pasta

1/2 cup potatoes

1 small apple, orange, pear or peach

17 grapes

2 small plums or tangerines

1 1/4 cup watermelon cubes

4 oz. (1/2 cup) juice

6 oz. lowfat sugarfree yogurt

8 oz. skim milk

1/2 cup sugar-free pudding

1 cup sugar-free cocoa



Pick 1 item from the list below

2 slices turkey, chicken, ham, roast beef or low

fat cheese

1 oz sliced meat and 1 oz. low fat cheese

1/2 cup tuna, egg or chicken salad made with mayonnaise, low fat sour cream or olive oil

1/2 cup cottage cheese

2 tablespoons peanut butter

FREE FOODS

Most vegetables

Coffee, tea, diet soda, club soda and sugar substitutes

Sugar free jello

Mustard, herbs, spices; 1 tbsp ketchup

Clear broth

Make a Dinner

Carbohydrates

Women pick 3 Men pick 4

from the list below

1/2 cup mashed potato

1/2 cup corn, peas

1 cup winter squash

1/3 cup cooked stuffing, pasta or rice

1 small baked potato

1/3 cup baked beans

1 slice whole wheat bread

1 small apple, orange, pear, or peach

1 1/4 cup whole strawberries

1 small banana

17 grapes

1/2 cup canned fruit in own juice

4 oz. fruit juice

8 oz. skim milk

6 oz. sugar free yogurt

1/2 cup sugar free pudding

3 small gingersnaps or 5 vanilla wafers

1/2 cup frozen yogurt



Meats and Proteins

Women pick 1

Men pick 1-2

3 oz. chicken, no skin

3 oz. turkey, no skin

3 oz. fish

3 oz. seafood

3 oz. lean beef

3 oz. lean pork

3 oz. lean lamb

3 oz. veal

3 oz. lean hamburger

3/4 cup low fat cottage cheese

FREE FOODS

Vegetables, spices, Coffee, tea, diet soda

Clear broth, sugar free jello

Self Management Help Yourself!



 Using your self management goal sheet, make a goal related to eating

Bring the sheet to the next session

If you forget one day (or give into temptation) don't give up!

Session 3 Nutrition Continued

Effects of Foods on BG Critique Meals Healthy/Unhealthy Fats

Make a Meal

Fast Foods and Self Management Goals



Carbohydrates have the greatest effect on blood glucose. Remember: fruit, rice, bread, milk, desserts, sugary drinks & regular soda are carbs.

- Portion control
 - 2-3 small servings per meal for women or 1 larger serving
 - 3-4 small servings per meal for men or 2 larger servings
- Can't skip carbs at one meal and add to the next

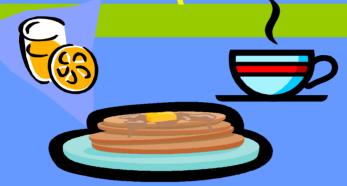


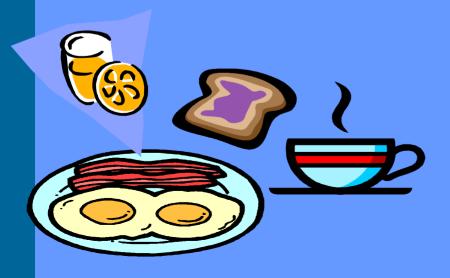
Carbohydrates affect blood sugar the most. Fruit, rice, bread, milk, desserts, sugary drinks & regular soda are carbs.

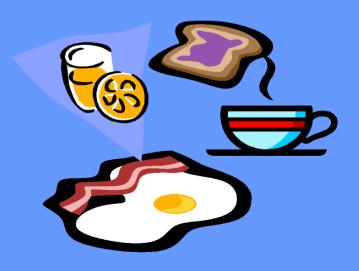
Remember portion control

Can't skip carbs at one meal and add to the next

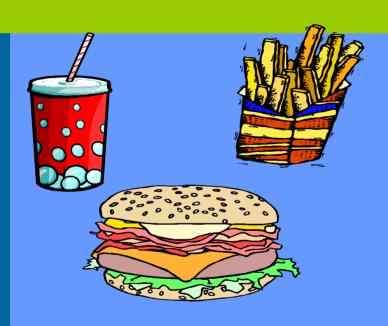
Breakfast: OK or how can it be better? (Find the carbs!)

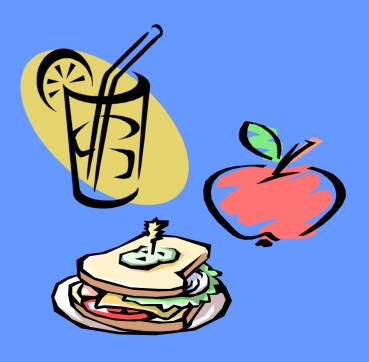




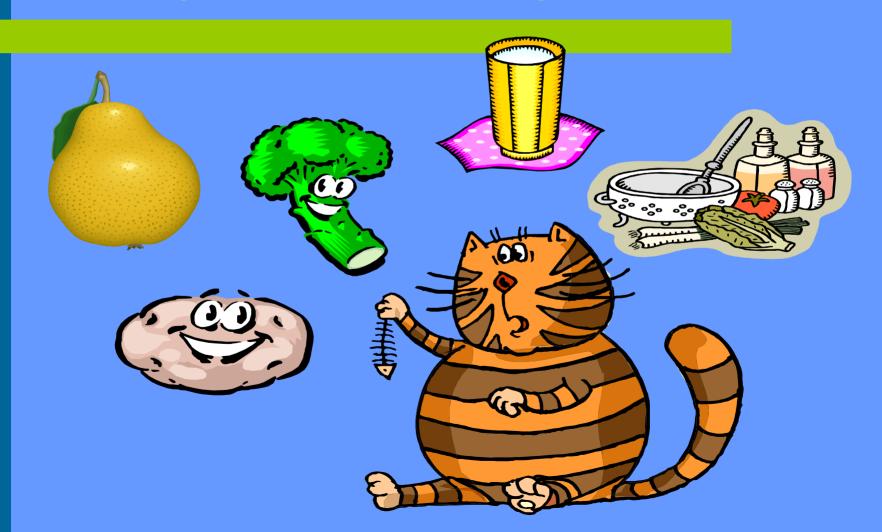


Lunch – OK or How Can It Be Better? (Find the carbs!)





Dinner - One Smart Cat! (Find the Carbs!)



Some fats are actually Heart Healthy Fats

- Canola and olive oil
- Peanut Butter









Avocados



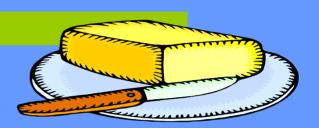


Fats in some fish – albacore tuna, salmon

But be careful. Fats make us fatter!

Unhealthy Fats

Butter or stick margarine



Lard or Crisco



Cream





Fatty meat or chicken skin

Snack Choices Count Carbs! They aren't free. Other snacks are free and unlimited

- a small piece of fruit
- 3 gingersnaps or 5 vanilla wafers with tea/coffee
- 6 unsalted saltines with thin slices of hard cheese or peanut butter
- 6 oz. low fat, sugar-free yogurt
- * Celery or carrot sticks (for a treat put on a little peanut butter)
- Sugar-free jello
- Diet soda
- Some nuts

Did someone say nuts?



Snack Choices

Free snacks

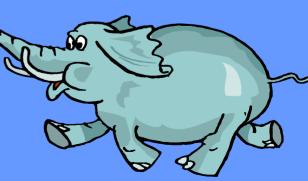
- Sugar free jello
- Tea, coffee, sugar free soda
- Celery and carrot sticks

Carb snacks (must count)

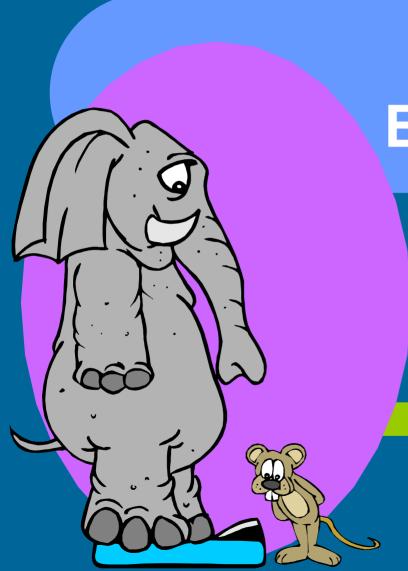
- Small piece of fruit
- Sugar free, low fat yogurt
- Gingersnaps or vanilla wafers
- Nuts







Did somebody say nuts?

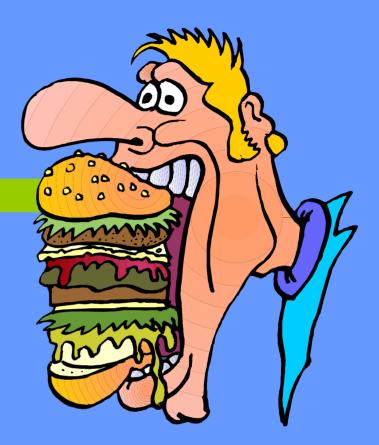


Fast Foods Buyers Beware

Super sizing produces super sizes and other problems

Fast Food Restaurants

- They are easy
- They are fast
- They are cheap
- Kids love them



BUT

- They help set kids up for diabetes
- They may increase the risk of heart attack, stroke and diabetes complications.

WHAT CAN YOU DO?

McDonald's



Foo	d	Carbs (grams) Men: 45-60/meal Women: 30-45	Calories	Fat	Sodium
Ham	burger	34 sm 45 BigMac	270/570	10/31	580/1070
Fren	ch fries	26 sm. 57 lg.	210/450	10/22	135/290
Coca	a-cola	29 sm 40 lg	110/150	0/0	10 & 15
Tota	3 <mark> </mark>	89 gms 142 gms			
	ed chic. lwich	38	440	20	1040

Pizza Hut

		Carbs (grams)	Calories	Fat	Sodium
Foo	od	Men: 45-60/meal			
		Woman: 30-45			
1 sli	ce cheese	21	210	9	530
1 pe	pperoni	22	220	9	610
	uffed	49	380	11	1160
crus	t-cheese				
2 thi	in cheese	42	420	18	1060
	onal pan	76	630	24	1160
pizz	a-cheese				

Wendy's



Food	Carbs (grams) Men: 45-60/meal Women: 30-45	Calories	Fat	Sodium
Big bacon classic	46	580	30	1460
Grilled chicken sandwich	35	310	8	790
Baked potato	71 (plain)	310	0	25
	78 (cheese)	570	23	640
Chili	21 (small)	210	7	800
	32 (large)	310	10	1190



Taco Bell



		Carbs (grams)	Calories	Fat	Sodium
Foc	d	Men: 45-60/meal			
		Women: 30-45			
1 tac	0	12	180	10	330
1 sof	ft taco	21	220	10	580
1 bea	an burrito	55	380	12	1100
Taco	salad	65	850	52	1780
with	salsa				
Ques	sadilla	32 plain 34 chick	350/410	50/90	860/1170
Fajita	as	52-55	420/520	22/25	980/1300



Kentucky Fried Chicken

		Carbs (grams)	Calories	Fat	Sodium
Fc	od	Men: 45-60/meal			
		Women: 30-45			
Bre	east	16 (original	400	24	1116
		recipe)	470	28	930
		25 (extra crispy)			
Ori	iginal thigh	6	250	18	747
Ro	ast breast	2	251	11	830
Me	an greens	11	70	3	650
Bis	cuit	20	180	10	560



magic carb numbers 45-60 or 30-45

Fast Food Places: be smart & Drink water, diet soda, or coffee Small sizes, never supersize

How to adjust

No cheese

Avoid soft taco, burrito, fajita

Get tender roast chicken or

pull skin off fried chicken

2 pieces thin crust

P	lac	e
Ta	acc	F

Bell McDonald's







Pizza Hut







hamburger & sm. fries

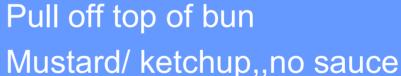
Food

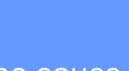
2 Tacos

small

Chicken

Pizza













15

5-10

42

24

Carbs

Fast Food Restaurants
How to be Smart!

Diet soda or water

No special sauces

Hold the cheese

No super-sizing

Be really good, pull off the top bun

Let's discuss your favorites

Self Management Help Yourself!

Using your self management goal sheet, make a goal related to eating in fast food restaurants

Bring the goal sheet to the next session

If you make a bad choice one day, make a good choice the next time

Make a Meal





Using the "make a meal" or "snack" sheets from last session, make a menu for your favorite meal of the day OR make a good snack

Session 4 Medications and Complications

Disease Progression
Types of Medications
Side Effects
Complications
Self Management

Your Diabetes Will Probably Change Over Time

Ways to treat diabetes:

- 1) Food and exercise
- 2) Food, exercise and pills
- Food, exercise, pills and insulin
- Food, exercise and insulin

Sulfonylureas

Sulfonylureas are like electricians. They stimulate. They stimulate the pancreas to make more insulin.

Examples are:

- Glyburide
- Glimepiride (Amaryl)
- Glucotrol



Sulfonylureas stimulate

Biguanides

Biguanides are like plumbers. They help leaky livers.

Examples

Metformin (Glucophage)



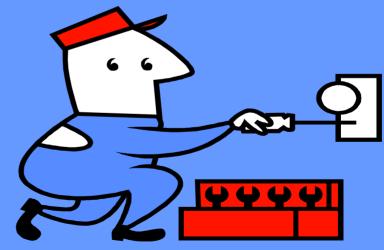
Biguanides help stop leaks

Glitazones (TZDs)

Glitazones are locksmiths. They open the cell so glucose can get in.

Examples:

- Actos
- Avandia



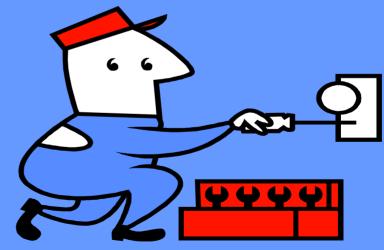
Glitazones open cells

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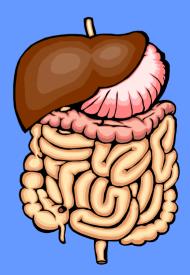
Glitazones open cells

Other Medications



Starlix and Prandin are like fast acting electricians. They stimulate the pancreas to produce insulin

Precose and Glyset slow down digestion. Sugar isn't released as quickly.





Combination Medications

Avandamet (avadia and metformin). This is a combination of a locksmith and a plumber. It opens the cell so glucose can enter and controls the leaky liver.

* Glucovance (glyburide and metformin).

This is a combination of a plumber and an electrician. It helps the liver from leaking glucose and stimulates the pancreas to produce insulin.

Each Medication Has Its Own Job



- Do you call an electrician for a leaky toilet?
- Do you call a plumber to fix a lock?
- Do you call a locksmith for a broken light?

Like people, medicines do different jobs.

If your doctor gives you different

medications, take them all!

Diabetes: A Progressive Disease

Over time, most patients will need insulin to reach their targets. This is NOT a failure.

Many new devices greatly reduce the discomfort.





Complications of Diabetes

- Eye Problems
- Kidney Problems
- Erectile Dysfunction
- Nerve Damage & Foot Problems
- Heart and Blood Vessel Problems



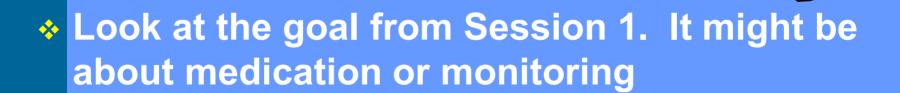


Lifetime Risks of 20 people with different A1C levels

Problem	A1C of 10.0	A1C of 7.2
Blindness		
Amputation	去去去	E
Kidney Failure		

Self Management Help Yourself!

Review goals of the past3 sessions



Establish new goal or re-commit to existing goal

Bring goal sheet to next session

Session 5 Everyday Tips for Staying Healthy

Foot Care
Dental Care
Vitamins
Exercise
Self Management







- * Wash and check your feet everyday. Be sure to dry between toes. Look for cracks, blisters and cuts.
- * Trim nails along the toe's natural curve. Don't cut corns. For trouble with your nails or corns, see a foot doctor.
- Rub lotion on tops and bottoms but not between toes.
- **❖** Don't go barefoot. Always wear socks, shoes or slippers.
- * Ask your health provider to check your feet. Take off your socks as a reminder.



Check your feet everyday

Always wear shoes and socks



Dental Care



- Brush your teeth 2 or more times a day.
- Use a soft toothbrush.
- Floss your teeth everyday.
- Get a new toothbrush every 3 months.
- See a dentist 2 times a year.
- Call your doctor or dentist if your dentures don't fit properly or you have:
- loose or sore teeth
- red, swollen or bleeding gums
- problems chewing
- a bad taste in your mouth.



- Brush
- Floss
- See a dentist every year
- Call if you have:
- loose/sore teeth or dentures
- red, swollen or bleeding gums
- problems chewing
- a bad taste in your mouth.





Vitamins

Take a multi-vitamin everyday





Exercise: don't be a



Take your kids or grandkids to a park

* Walk



Garden

Dance





Other ideas?

Exercise: why to start

- give you energy
- lower cholesterol
- help control weight
- decrease stress

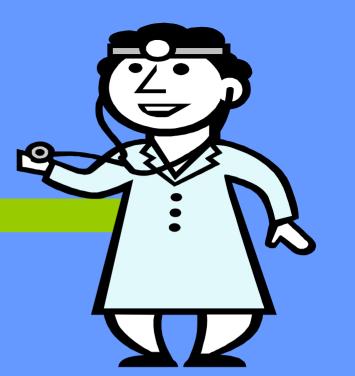


help prevent heart disease and high blood pressure

Exercise: how to start

Ask your doctor:

• is it ok?



- do any of my medications hide the symptoms of low blood sugar? This is important because exercise lowers blood sugar.
- what time is best?
- do I need to adjust any medication?

Exercise and Blood Sugar

- Exercise lowers blood sugar.
- Check blood sugar before and after exercise.
 If below 70 or you feel sick, take 15 grams of fast acting carbohydrate. Examples:
 2-3 glucose tablets or 3-5 hard candies
 4 oz. of orange juice or regular soda a small box of raisins
- Rest 15 minutes. Test again. If still below 70, take another 15 gram snack

Exercise Tips Don't give up if you miss a day

- Start slowly, maybe 5-10 min/day
- Drink water before and after
- Exercise with a partner or your children
- Listen to music or television
- Build exercise into your day
 Walk in the mall Use stairs
 Park far from the store door



Exercise: the ideals



- 30 minutes a day is the ideal. You may never get to 30 minutes but, with your doctor's advice, do your best.
- Start slowly and then go faster.
- Your breathing will increase a little but you won't be gasping
- You will feel a little warm

Exercise What's right for you?



- Check with your doctor
- Join our exercise or walking group

Let's start

In 6 months, who in this room might be exercising like this?

Self Management Goals Help yourself!



- Using your self management goal sheet, make a goal related to something discussed today.
- It may be as simple as always wearing shoes, or flossing your teeth everyday, or parking further from the door of the store.

Session 6 Grocery Store Tour

Meat and seafood areas
Margarine and oil areas
Dietetic Food Section
Dairy Section
Deli

Fresh, frozen & canned fruit/vegetable areas